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Imperial College

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Conclusion O

TrustJS: Trusted Client-side Execution of JavaScript

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EuroSec'17, April 23, 2017, Belgrade, Serbia



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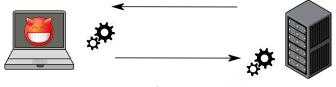
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untrusted client-side computation

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computation repeated

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computation not offloaded

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Agenda

Motivation

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Evaluation

Conclusion

Evaluation 0000

Motivation

- Web applications replace traditional desktop applications
- Providers offload computations to clients
 - Popular programming language: JavaScript
 - Minimise round trips
 - Reduce server-side resource demand
- Clients not assumed as trustworthy
 - Results can be faulty
 - No confidential code or data
 - $\rightarrow~$ Strong limitation for offloading approach
- Results of untrusted clients typically verified at server-side
 - Requires recomputation, that can lead to vulnerabilites¹
 - \rightarrow Waste of resources

¹ P. Bisht, et el. NoTamper: Automatic Blackbox Detection of Parameter Tampering Opportunities in Web Applications. CCS, 2010.

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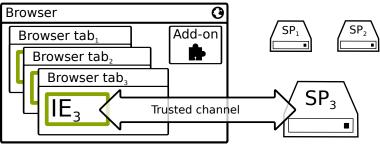
TrustJS

Trusted client-side execution of JavaScript

- General purpose JavaScript
- Integration in commodity browsers
- Protecting code and data
 - Integrity
 - Confidentiality (optional)
- Remote verification of computation results

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Architecture of TrustJS



High-level architecture of TrustJS

- IE: interpreter enclave
 - SP: service provider

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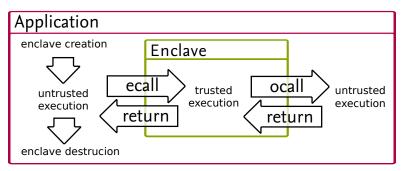
Intel SGX (1/2)

- Software Guard Extensions
- Extension of x86 instruction set
- Creation of isolated compartments \rightarrow **enclaves**
- Execution isolated from untrusted OS
- Transparent memory encryption
 - Pages stored in EPC
- Support for remote attestation
 - based on Intel-provided service IAS

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Intel SGX (2/2)



Basic interaction pattern between application and enclave

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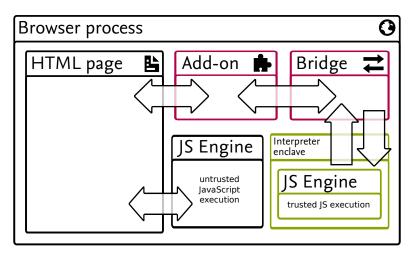
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- Use Intel SGX enclaves at client-side
 - Put JavaScript interpreter MuJS in it
 - "Interpreter enclave"
- Integration as browser add-on
 - Generic enclave binary shipped
- Additional trusted JavaScript interpreter in browser
 - Untrusted: GUI rendering, user interaction
 - **Trusted**: execution of integrity-protected/encrypted code
 - Remote attestation to generate verifiable responses
 - \rightarrow Verification at server
- Developers annotate code parts for trusted execution
 - Automated transition into interpreter enclave

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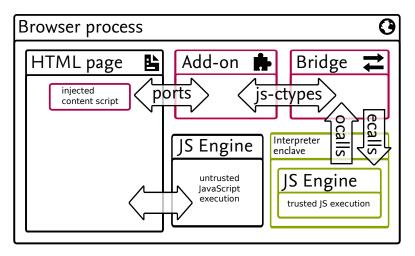
TrustJS Client



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TrustJS Client



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TrustJS Server

```
<script trustjs-encrypt="yes">
   /* @exposed confidentialFunction 1 */
   function hiddenFunction(y) { ...
        function confidentialFunction(x) { ...
        hiddenFunction(x);
        }
   </script>
   <script>var a = confidentialFunction(42);</script>
```

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TrustJS Server

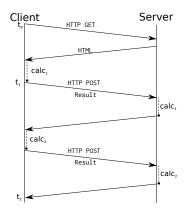
```
<script trustjs-encrypt="yes">
  /* @exposed confidentialFunction 1 */
  function hiddenFunction(y) { ...
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    hiddenFunction(x):
</script>
<script>var a = confidentialFunction(42);</script>
                         \downarrow
<script trustjs-encrypt="yes"
  trustjs-blob="X6YXkazAVA7oBZYC..9CkX0Tq9I="/>
```

<script>var a = confidentialFunction(42);</script>

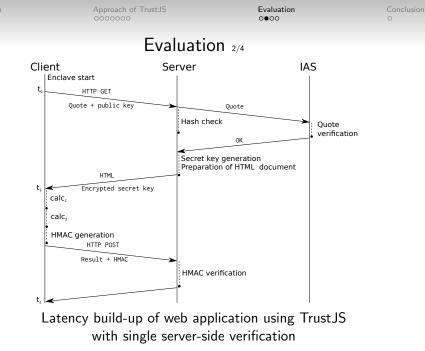
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Evaluation 1/4

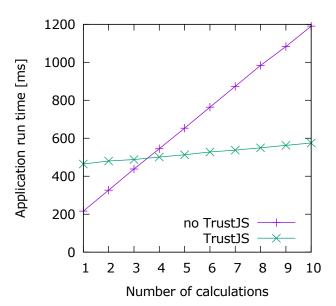


Latency build-up of traditional web application with server-side recalculations



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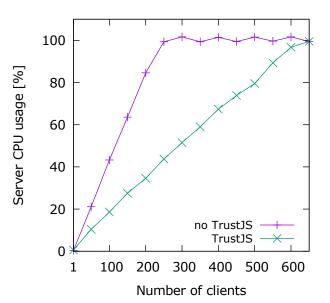
Evaluation 3/4



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Evaluation 4/4



Evaluation 0000 Conclusion

Conclusion and Future Work

- TrustJS enables...
 - **trusted execution** of JavaScript in commodity browsers seamlessly integrated as an add-on
 - service providers to save resources by removing (re)computations on server-side
 - developers to remove unnecessary round trips

- With future work TrustJS may...
 - support more sophisticated JavaScript engines
 - make parts of the Node.js API available in enclave