

Web services in Twente

- Thomas Drevers: Performance, compared to SNMP
- Willem Wong: WS in mobile “phones”
- Hoda El Merabet: Application: “MRTG” in MS-Excel
- Pierre Humbert: Configuration: WS-Transactions
- Jeroen van Sloten: From SMI -> WSDL (MDA)
- + Others



University of Twente

Performance of web services compared to traditional SNMP

Thomas Drevers



University of Twente
The Netherlands

Overview

- **Introduction**
 - **Motivation**
 - **Performance**
- **Measurements**
- **Results**
- **Concluding remarks**
- **Questions**

Motivation

- September 2002: IRTF-NMRG Osnabrück
- Web services versus SNMP
- Questions concerning web services performance
- We wanted to investigate this, and provide real figures

Performance

The performance is divided into three main areas

- Network usage
- System resource usage
 - CPU
 - Memory
- Total time of the operation

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Measurements (1/5)

What is shown

- Figures that compare SNMP and web services implementation
- Two types of web services
 - Standard web services
 - Web services which use compression
- Two types of SNMP
 - Always: UDP
 - Sometimes: TCP

Measurements (2/5)

Implementation

- Net-SNMP
limited MIBs
- gSOAP
with Net-SNMP Data retrieval functions

Measurements (3/5)

Network usage

- For every operation two measurements are performed:
 1. Data in: IP + TCP/UDP + SOAP/SNMP layers
 2. Data in: the SOAP/SNMP layer

Measurements (4/5)

System resource usage

- Two kind of measurements:
 - CPU time consumption
 - Memory consumption
- CPU time consumption
 - Data retrieval
 - XML / BER processing (encoding / decoding)
- Memory consumption
 - program code
 - Permanent memory allocation (static)
 - Additional memory per operation (dynamic)

Measurements (5/5)

Total operation time

- The average amount of time the client has to wait until an operation is finished

Measured Data: Model

If Table

ifIndex	ifDescr	ifMTU	ifSpeed	Etc ...
1	Lo		100000000	
2	Eth0		1000000000	
3	Eth1		0	

Measured Data: WSDL variants

- Cell
- Column
- Row
- Columns
- Table

Measured Data: WSDL Table (1)

```
<complexType name="ifEntry">
  <sequence>
    <element name="ifIndex" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifDescr" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" nillable="true"/>
    <element name="ifType" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifMtu" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifSpeed" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifPhysAddress" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" nillable="true"/>
    <element name="ifAdminStatus" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifOperStatus" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifLastChange" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifInOctets" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifInUcastPkts" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifInDiscards" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifInErrors" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifInUnknownProtos" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifOutOctets" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifOutUcastPkts" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <element name="ifOutErrors" type="xsd:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
  </sequence>
</complexType>
```


Measured Data: WSDL Table (2)

```
<complexType name="GetIfTableResponse">
  <sequence>
    <element name="ifEntry" type="utMon:ifEntry" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </sequence>
</complexType>
```

```
<message name="GetIfTableRequest">
  <part name="commuity" type="xsd:string"/>
</message>
```

```
<message name="GetIfTableResponse">
  <part name="-sizeTable" type="xsd:int"/>
  <part name="ifEntry" type="utMon:ifEntry"/>
</message>
```

```
<portType name="GetIfTableServicePortType">
  <operation name="GetIfTable">
    <documentation>Service definition of function utMon__GetIfTable</documentation>
    <input message="tns:GetIfTableRequest"/>
    <output message="tns:GetIfTableResponse"/>
  </operation>
</portType>
```

Measured Data: C Structure Table

```
struct ifEntry
{
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifIndex;           // list of names and values, values may be NULL
                                // interface index number
    xsd__string         ifDescr;           // interface description
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifType;            // Interface type
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifMtu;             // maximum packet size
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifSpeed;           // maximum speed
    xsd__string         ifPhysAddress;     // Physical address of the interface (eg MAC)
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifAdminStatus;     // preferred status set by admin (1=up, 2=down, 3=testing)
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifOperStatus;     // operational status of the interface
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifLastChange;     // Sysuptime of last change in operational status
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifInOctets;        // octets received by the interface
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifInUcastPkts;     // unicast packets received
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifInDiscards;      // Discarded incoming packets
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifInErrors;        // Erroneous incoming packets
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifInUnknownProtos; // Amount of packets discarded because of unknown protocols
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifOutOctets;       // number of outbound octets
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifOutUcastPkts;    // number of outbound unicast packets
    xsd__unsignedInt    ifOutErrors;       // number of packets/units which could not be transmitted
};
```

Measured Data: SNMP variants

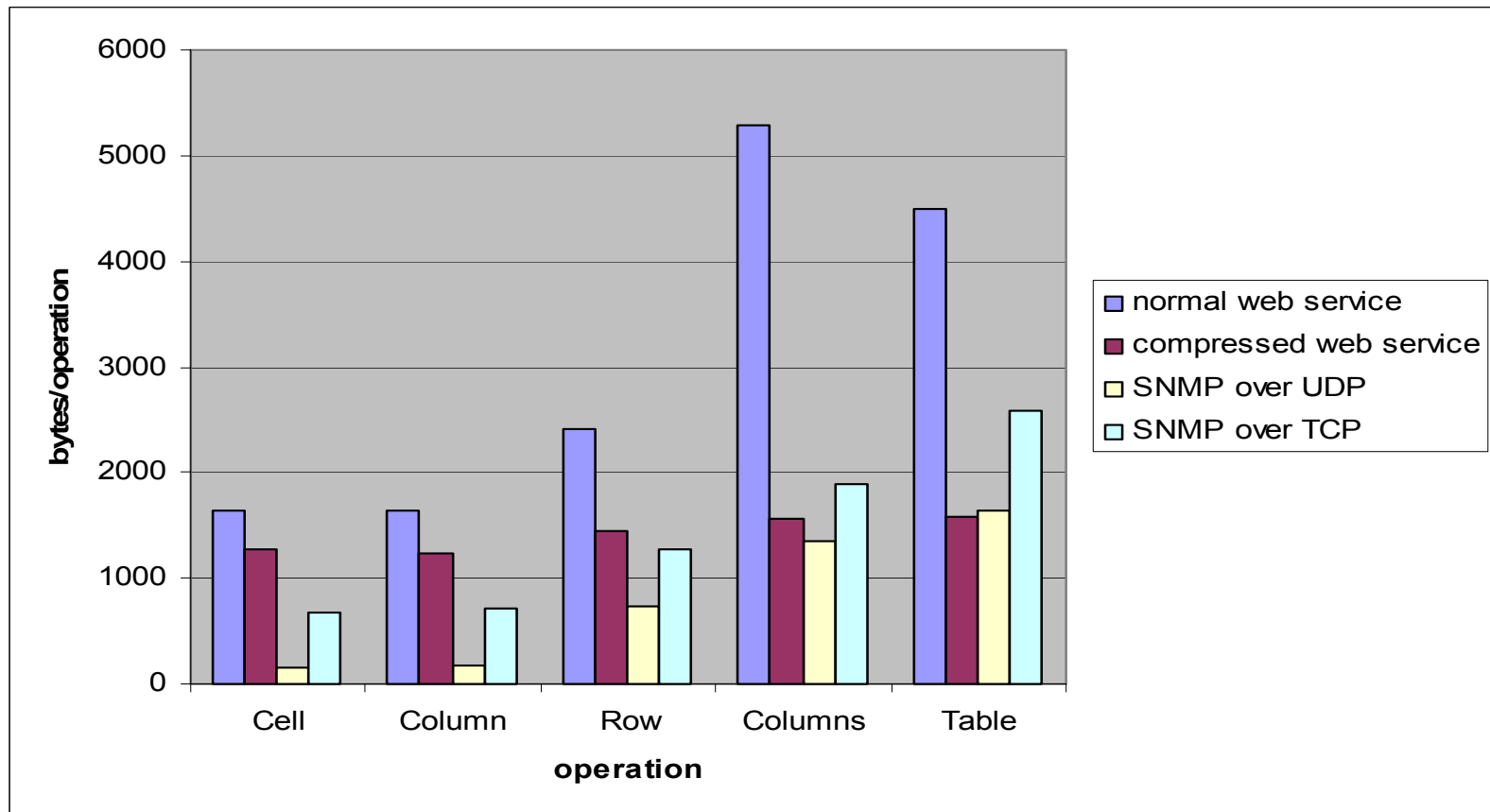
For SNMP the same variants as with WSDL are used

- Cell retrieves a single cell
Uses the snmpget method
- Column retrieves a single column
Uses the snmpgetbulk method with a maximum for the amount of rows
- Row retrieves a single row
Uses a single snmpget method, with a request for each cell in the row
- Columns retrieves specified columns
Uses the snmpgetbulk method with a request for each column and a maximum corresponding to the amount of rows
- Table retrieves complete table
Uses a series of the snmpgetbulk methods to retrieve the whole table

Overview

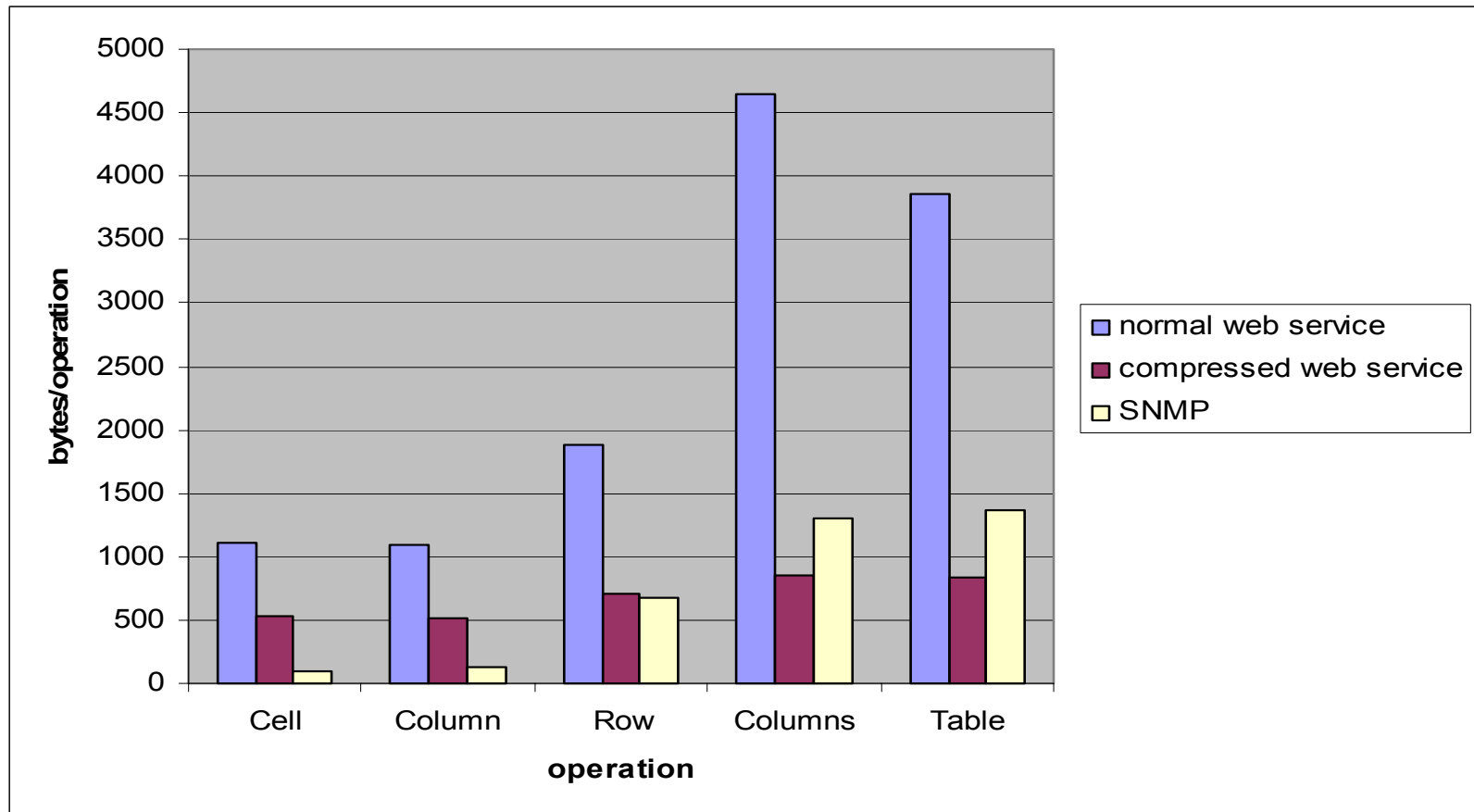
- Introduction
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Network usage (1/4)



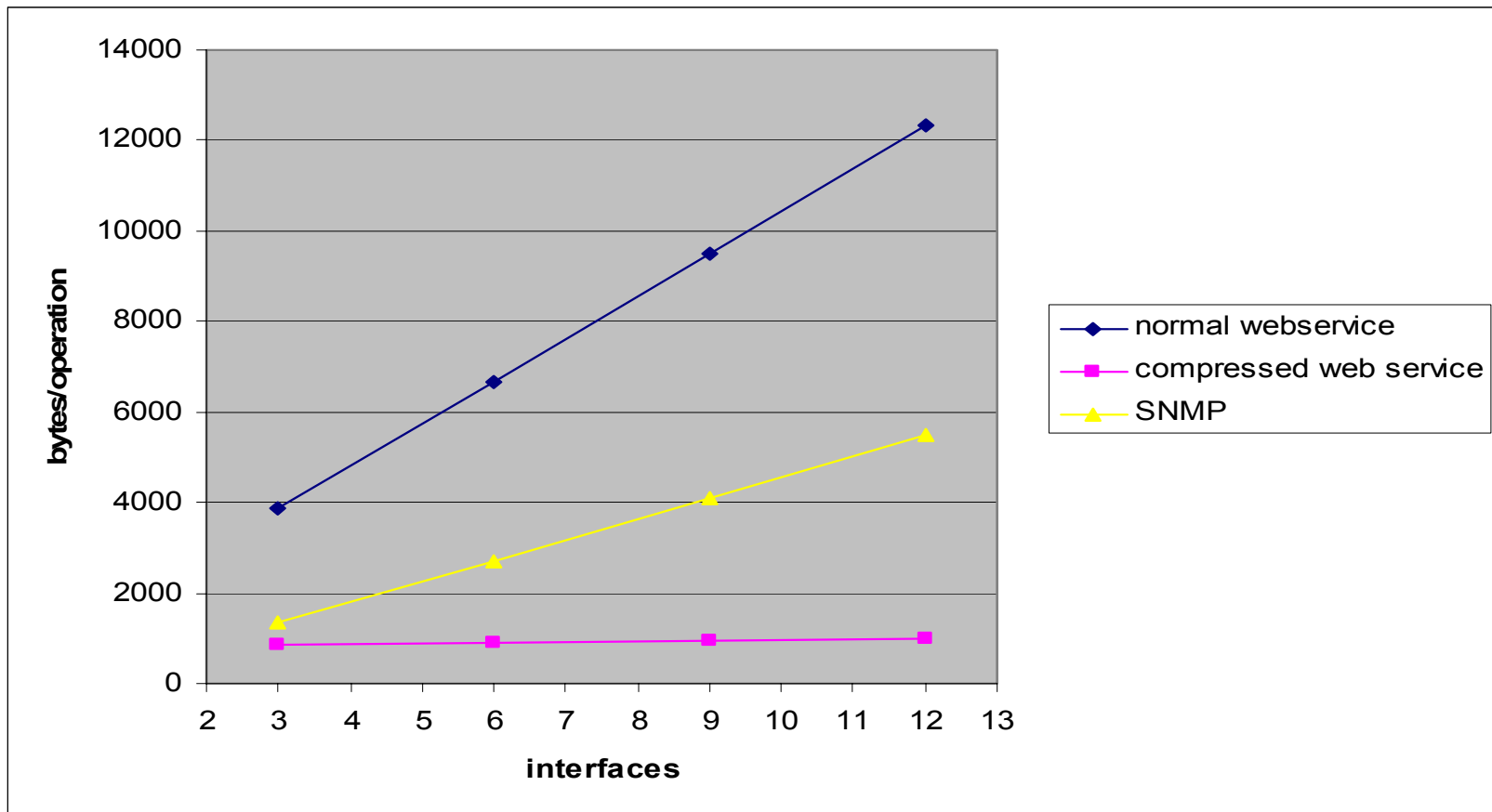
IP and higher layer protocols

Network usage (2/4)



SOAP and SNMP protocols

Network usage (3/4)



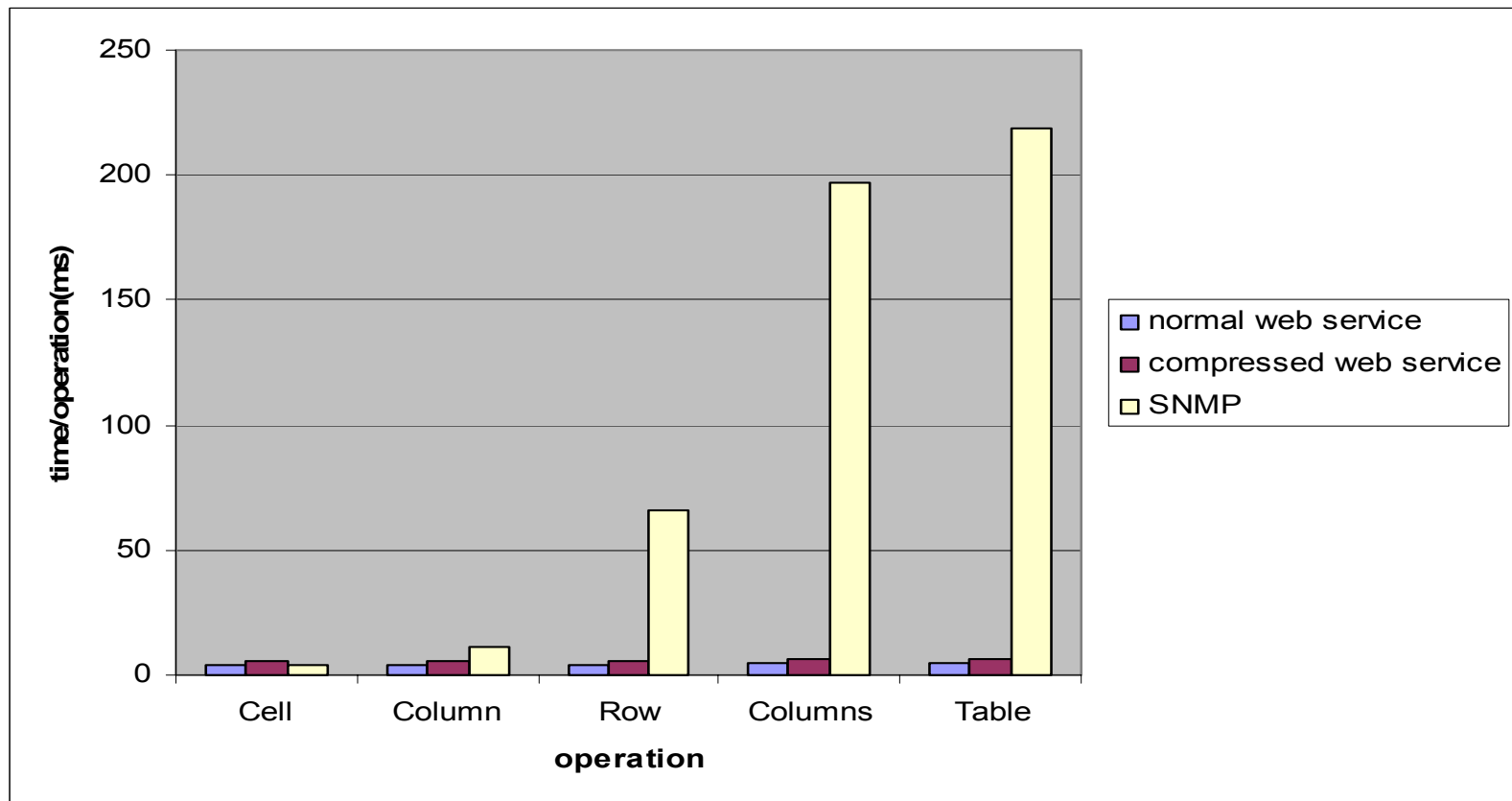
Effect of more data (extra interfaces)

Network usage (4/4)

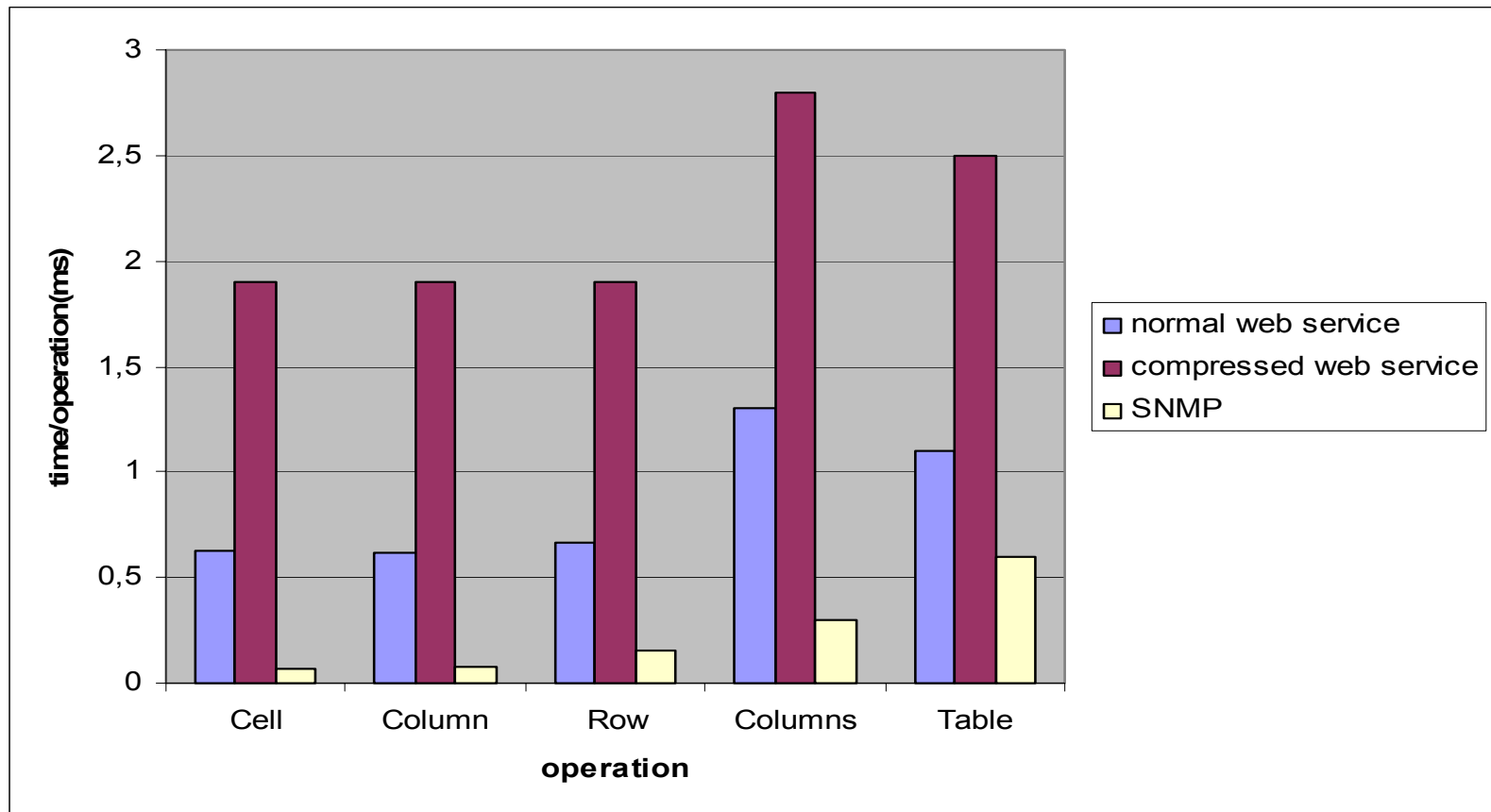
Conclusion

- For small amounts of data, SNMP is more efficient
- For large amounts of data, compressed web services are more efficient
- Uncompressed web services are not very efficient

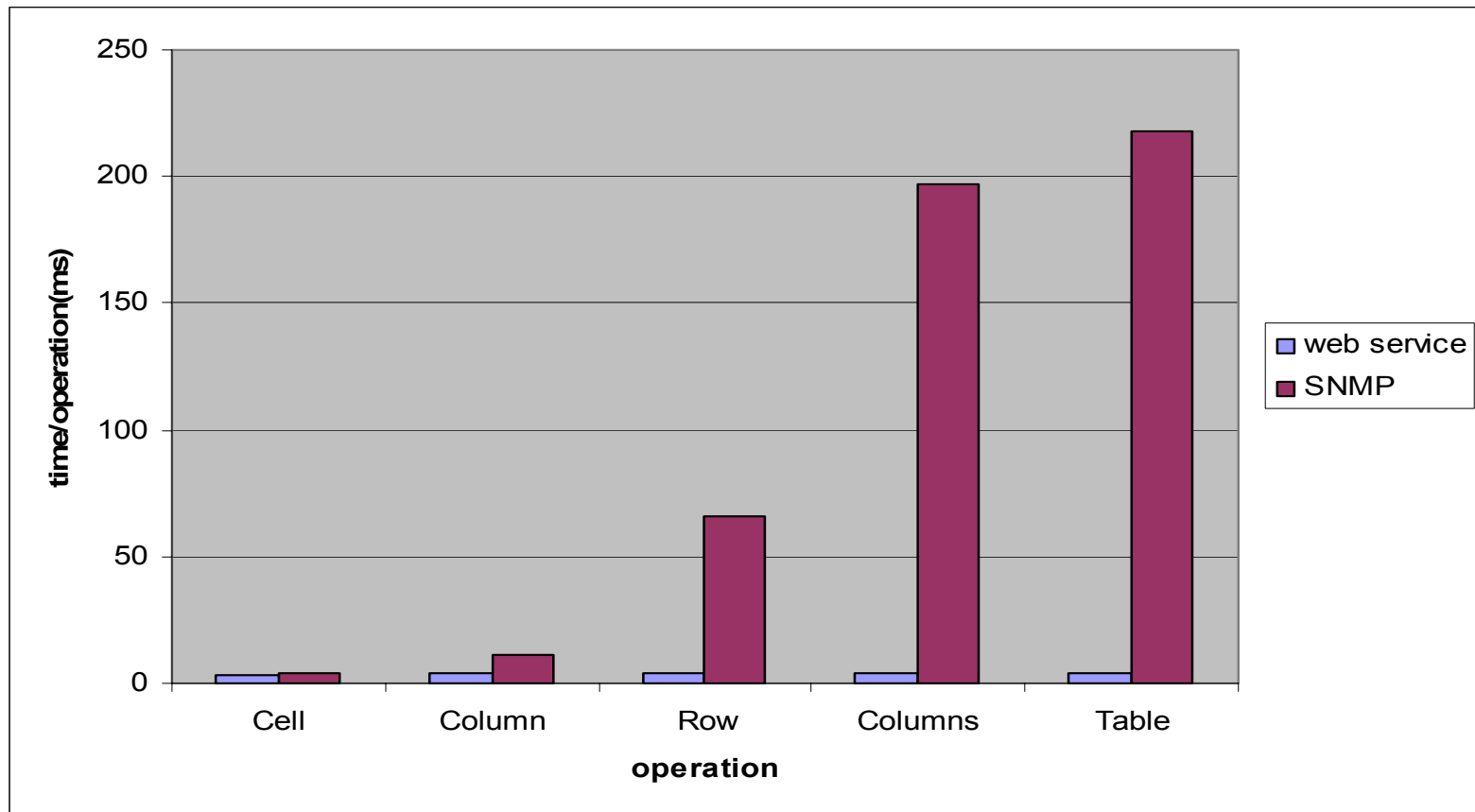
CPU usage



CPU usage: Encoding and Decoding



CPU usage: Data Retrieval



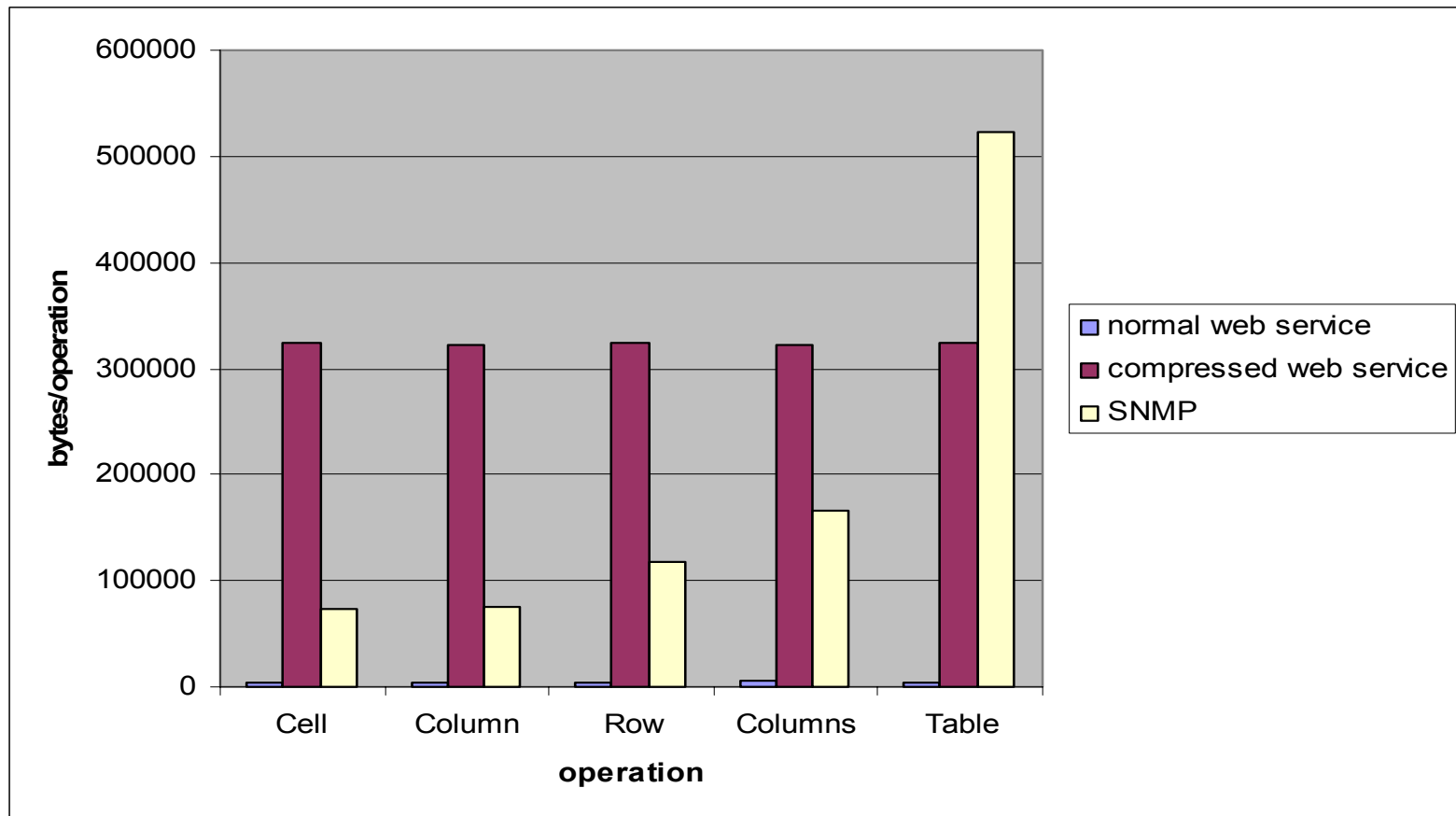
CPU usage: Conclusions

- CPU usage primarily depends on data retrieval
- Our Web services implementation far better than (Net-)SNMP
- CPU usage of (Net-)SNMP grows linearly with the number of cells
- CPU usage of web services does not depend on the number of cells
- Compression takes roughly twice the time of normal encoding / decoding

Memory usage: static

- Program footprint
 - Approximately 1972 Kbyte for SNMP
 - Approximately 580 Kbyte for web services
- Amount of memory always allocated for data
 - SNMP 128 Kbyte
 - Web services 470 bytes

Memory usage: dynamic

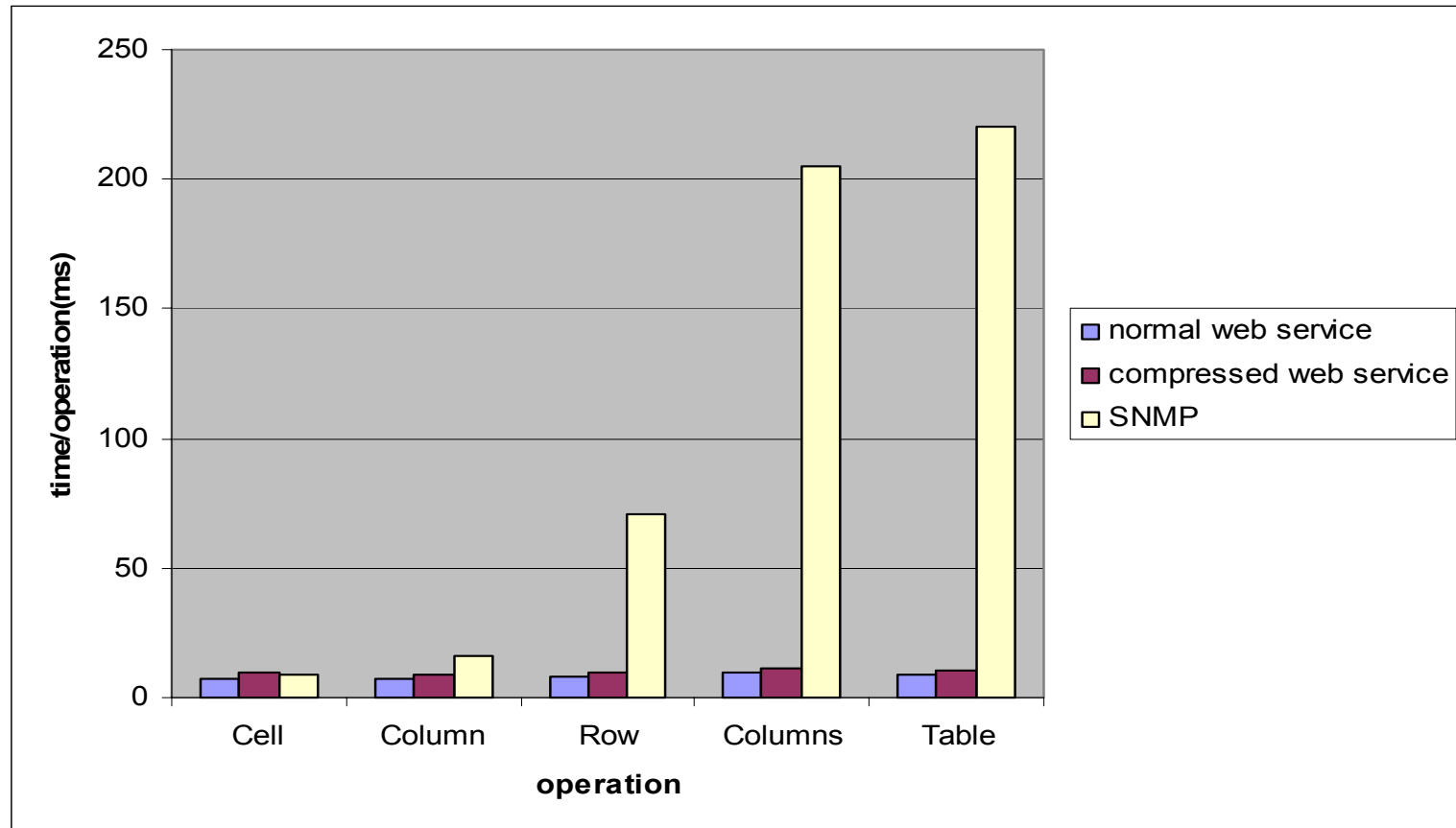


Memory usage: conclusions

Conclusion

- Net-SNMP uses more memory than our gSOAP web service implementation
- However, Net-snmp offers more functionality: comparison is therefore unfair

Total operation time



Total operation time: conclusions

- Web services is much faster
- SNMP spends most of its time on (inefficient) data retrieval
- Message processing is not really the bottleneck

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Concluding remarks

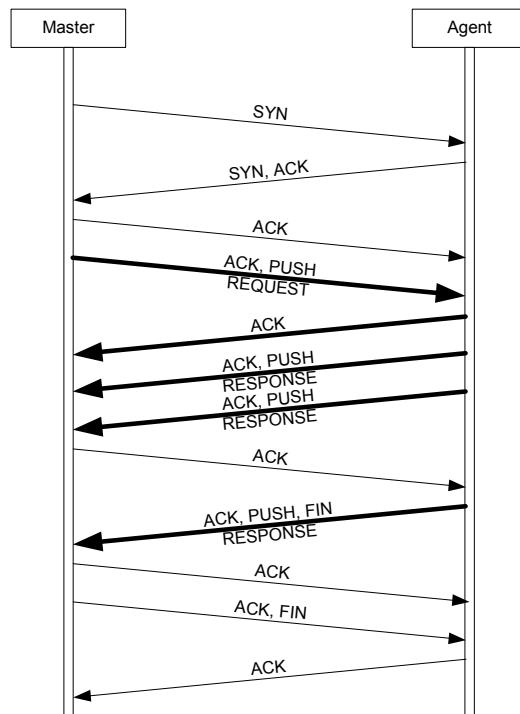
- In our case study, performance of web services was better than SNMP, particularly when large amounts of data were retrieved
- The results will likely depend on the specific implementations
- Researchers who use performance as the reason to reject web services technology, make a mistake



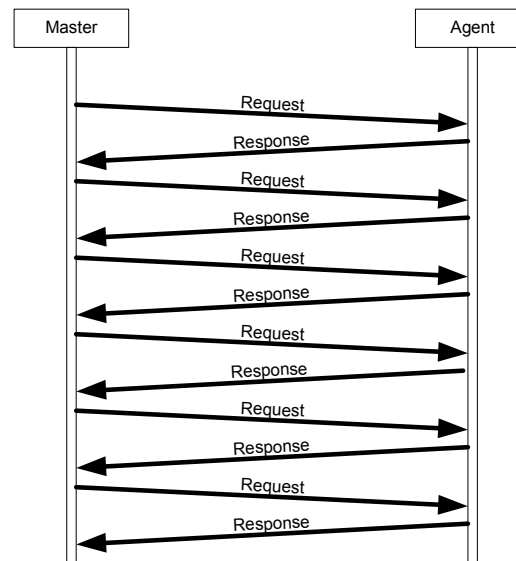
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The Netherlands



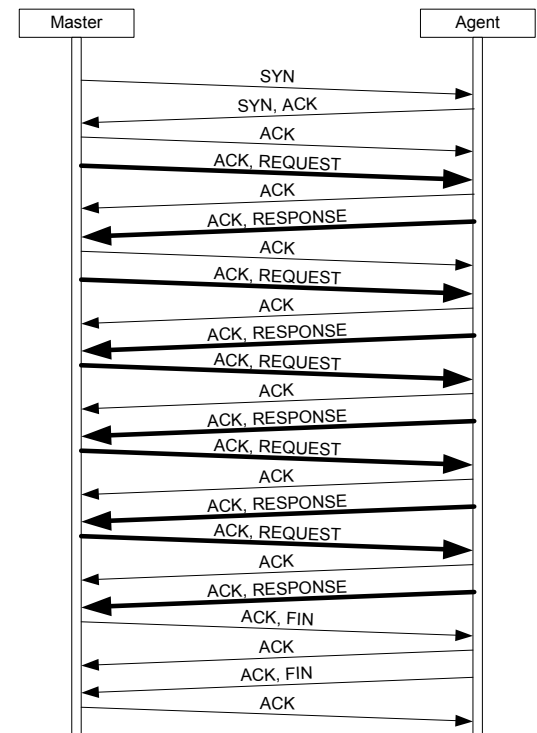
BACKGROUND INFO: Message sequence



Web service message sequence



SNMP over UDP message sequence



SNMP over TCP message sequence