

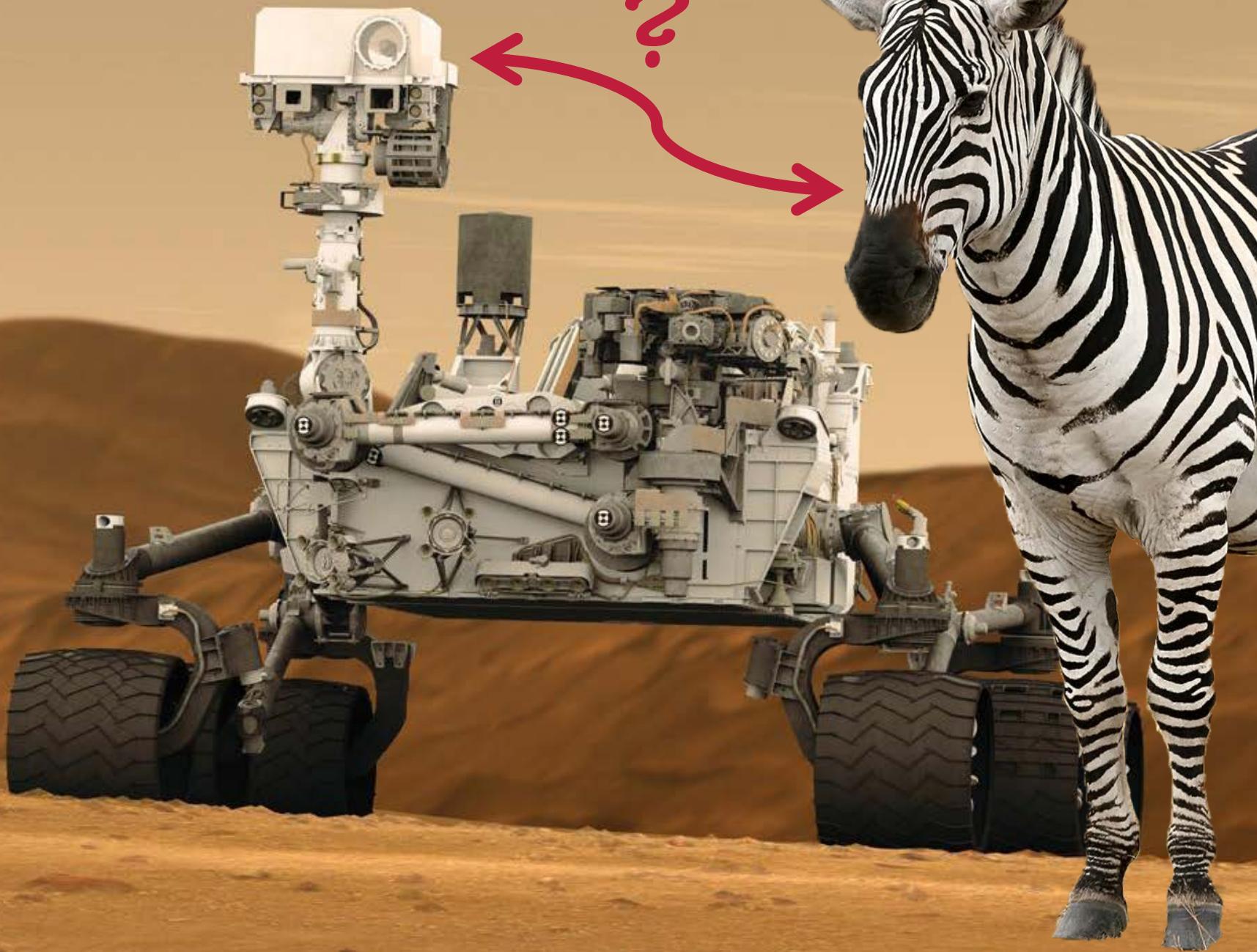


Technische  
Universität  
Braunschweig

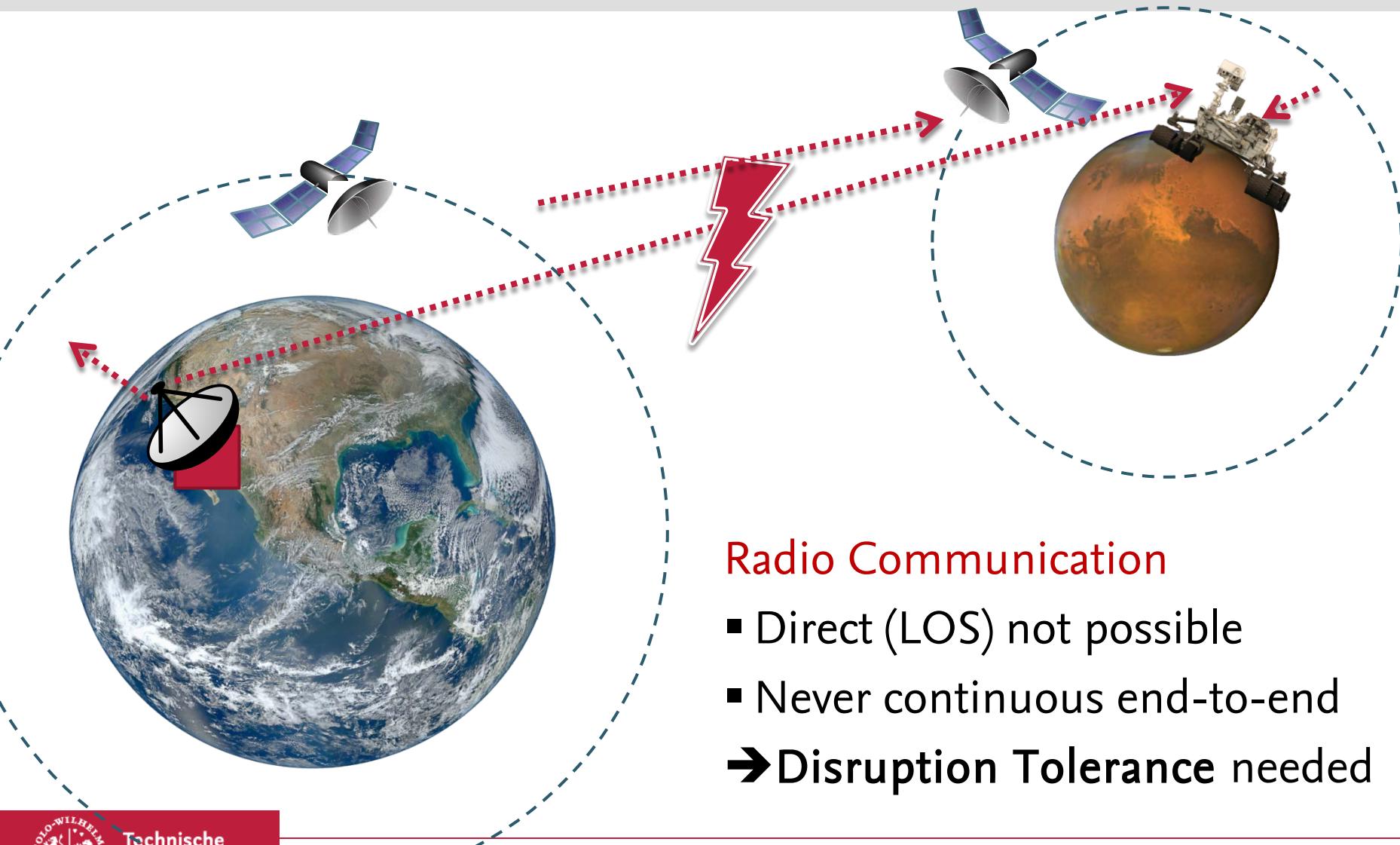


# **μDTN: Unifying DTNs and WSNs**

**Felix Büsching, Georg von Zengen, Wolf-Bastian Pöttner, Lars Wolf**



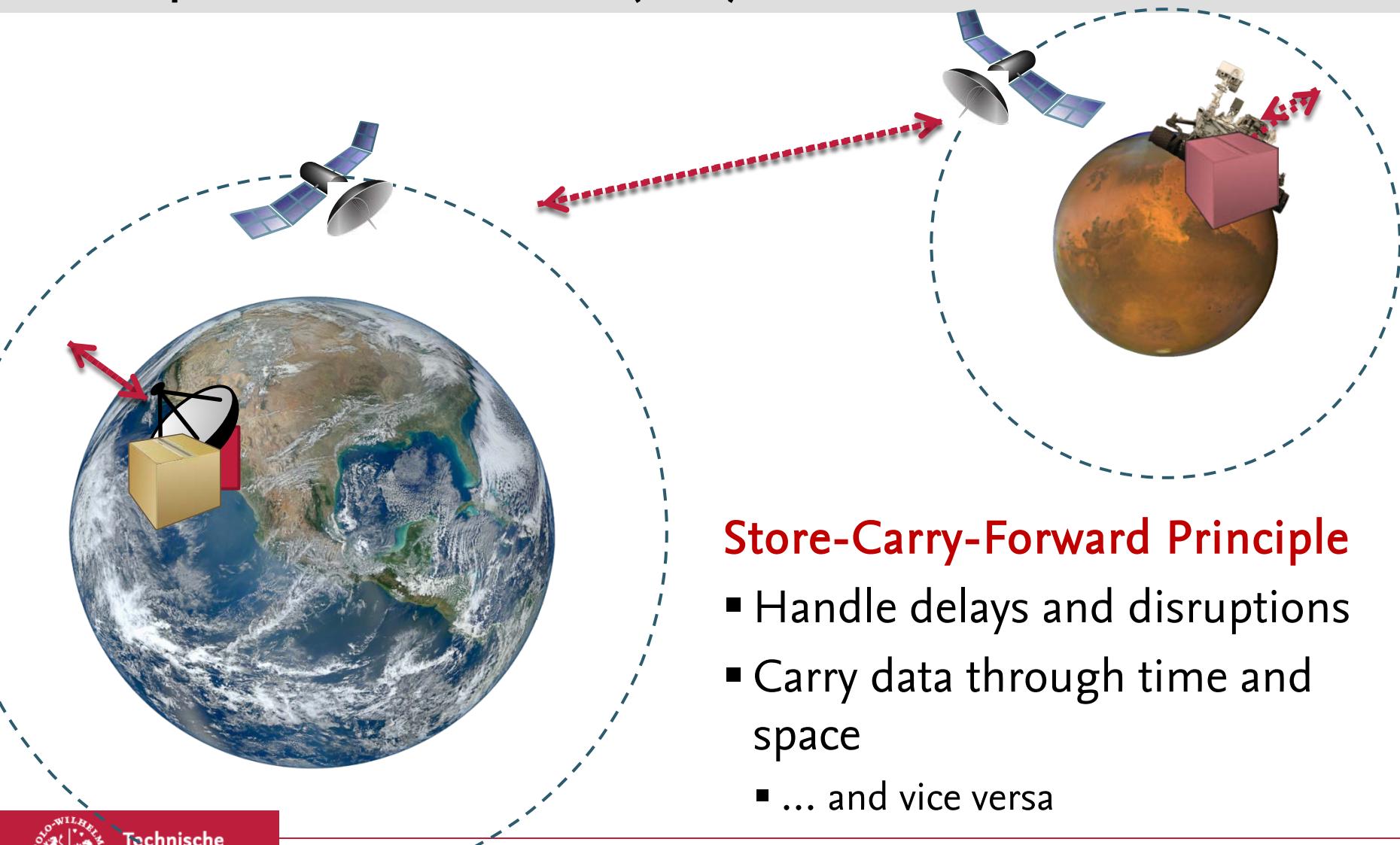
# Interstellar Communication



## Radio Communication

- Direct (LOS) not possible
  - Never continuous end-to-end
- Disruption Tolerance needed**

# Disruption Tolerant Networks (DTN)



CURIOSITY



# Summary: Interstellar Communication – e.g. Mars Rover “Curiosity”

## Aim

- Collect data, transfer it to earth

## Challenges

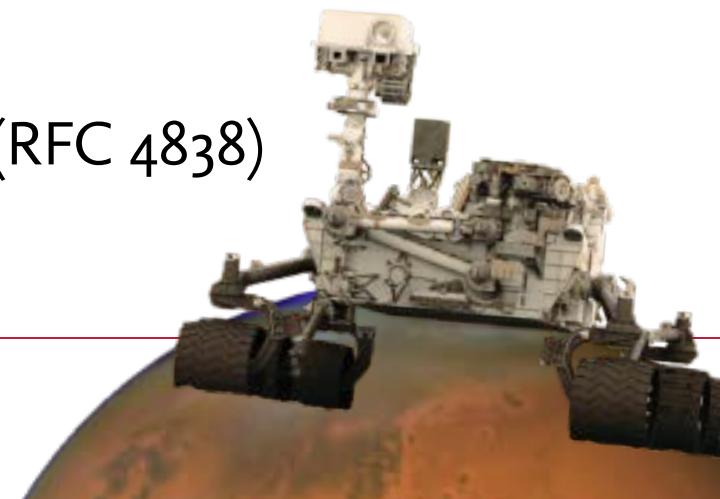
- Harsh environment
- Huge delays
- No continuous end-to-end connection

## Approach

- Store, carry, forward principle

## Solutions / Standards

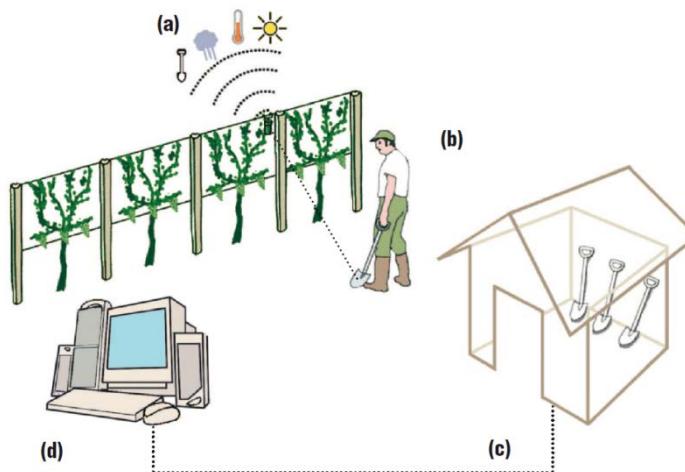
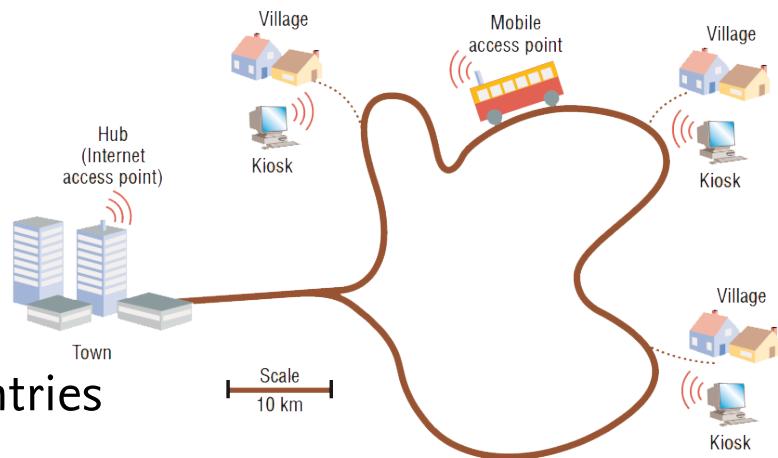
- Delay-Tolerant Networking Architecture (RFC 4838)
- Bundle Protocol Specification (RFC 5050)



# Delay Tolerant Networks (DTNs) in WSNs

Many different projects

- Zebranet
  - Zebras in Kenya
- DakNet
  - Internet/E-Mail access for developing countries
- Vineyard Computing
  - Vineyards in USA
- ...



# Summary: DTNs in WSN

## Aim

- Collect data, transfer it to base station(s)

## Approach

- Store, carry, forward principle

## Challenges

- Harsh environment
- Huge delays
- Often disrupted connection

## Solutions

- Many individual!

## Standards

- None!

## Recommendation

- Look above!



# Concept: Use Standard Protocols in DT-WSNs

## “Standards”

- Delay-Tolerant Networking Architecture (RFC 4838)
- Bundle Protocol Specification (RFC 5050)

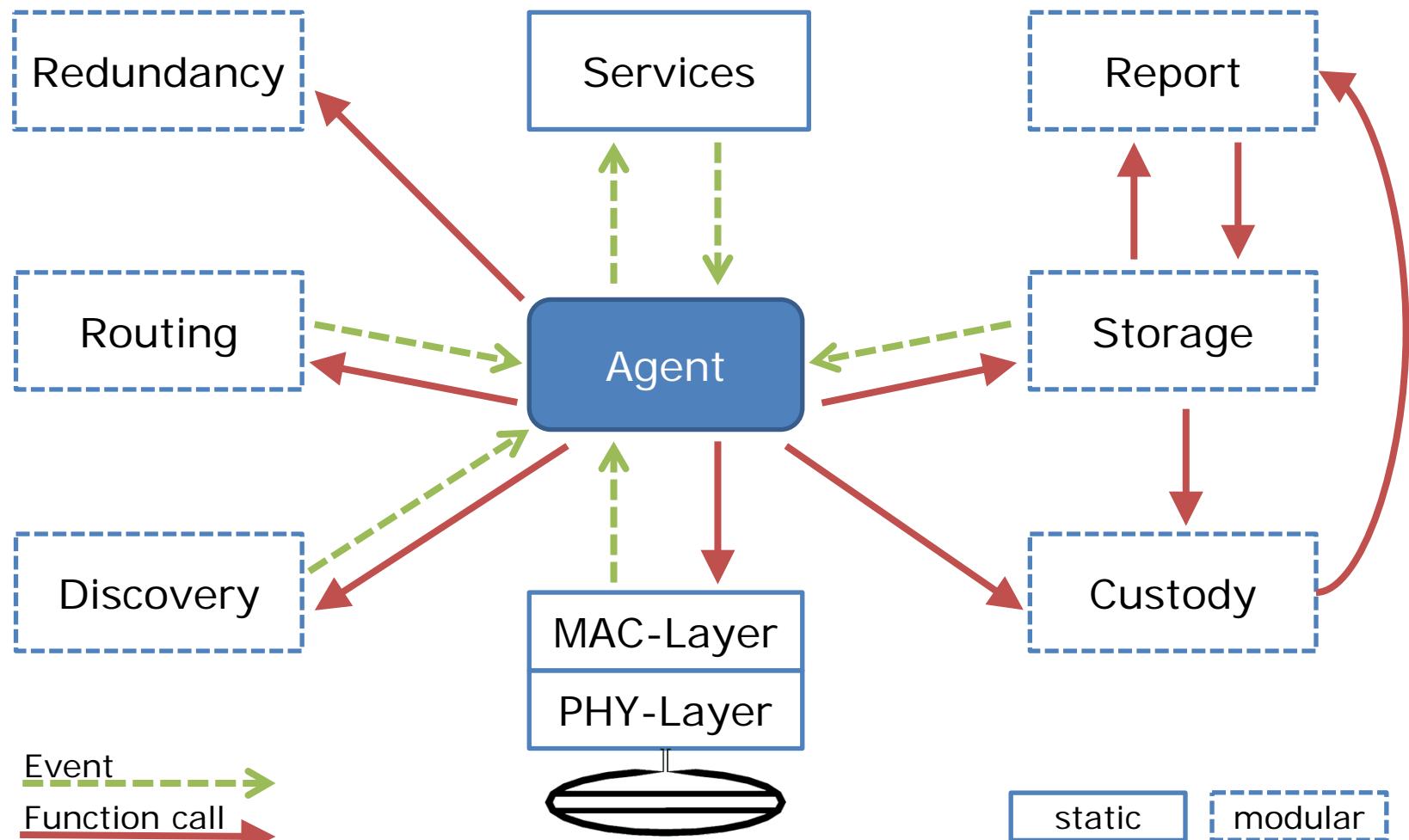
## Pros

- It's existent and works
  - People are using it in space!
- It's an RFC

## Cons

- Not very lightweight
- Specialized solution more efficient
- RFC is not a standard

# Implementation: μDTN



# Details: μDTN – Bundle Protocol (BP) Implementation for Contiki

## Implementation for Contiki

- Should be easy portable

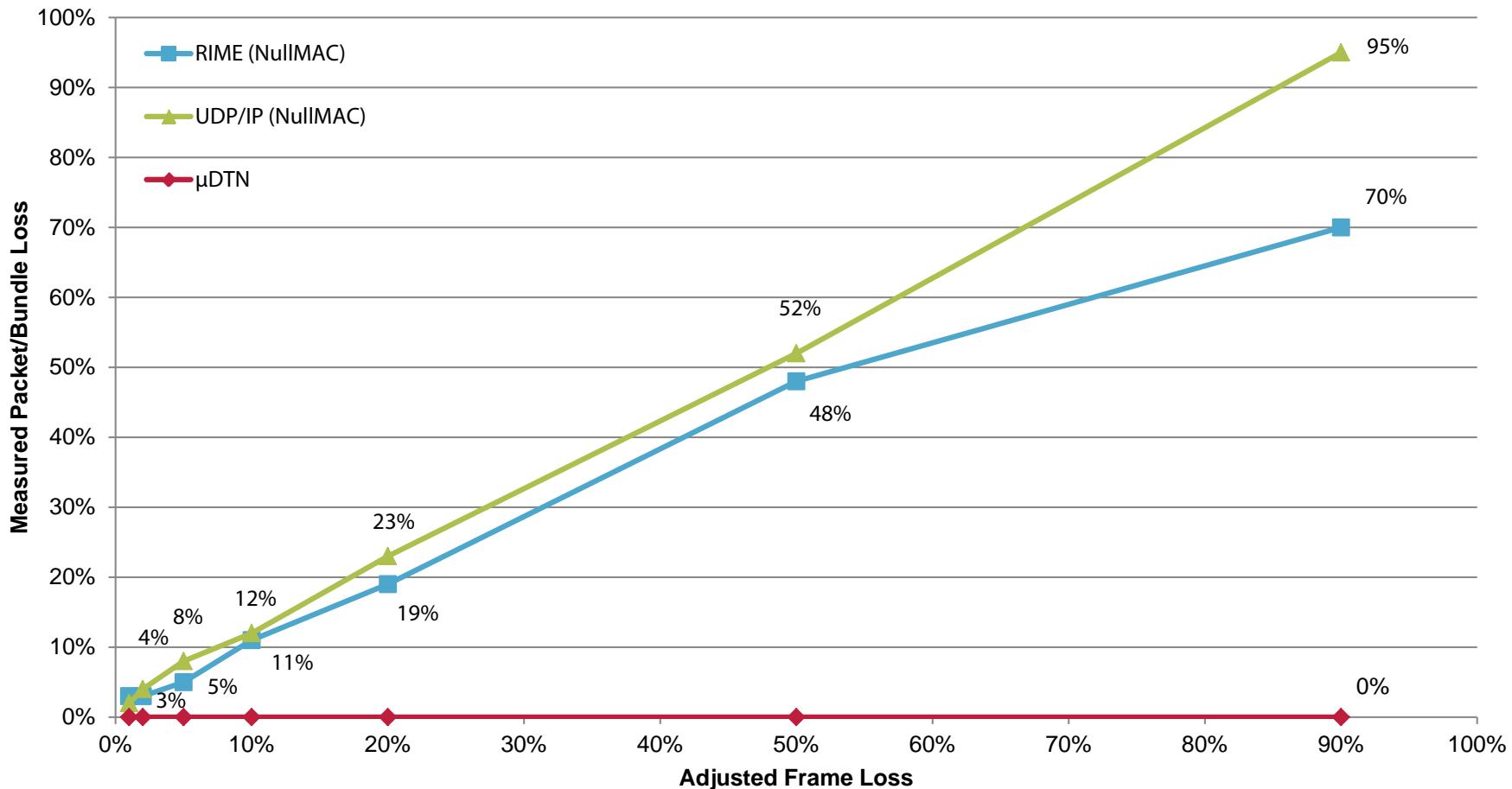
## Compatible to RFC 5050

- Only Compressed Bundle Header Encoding (CBHE) supported
  - Bundle Protocol: Addressing by strings
  - dtn://node/service → 42:23

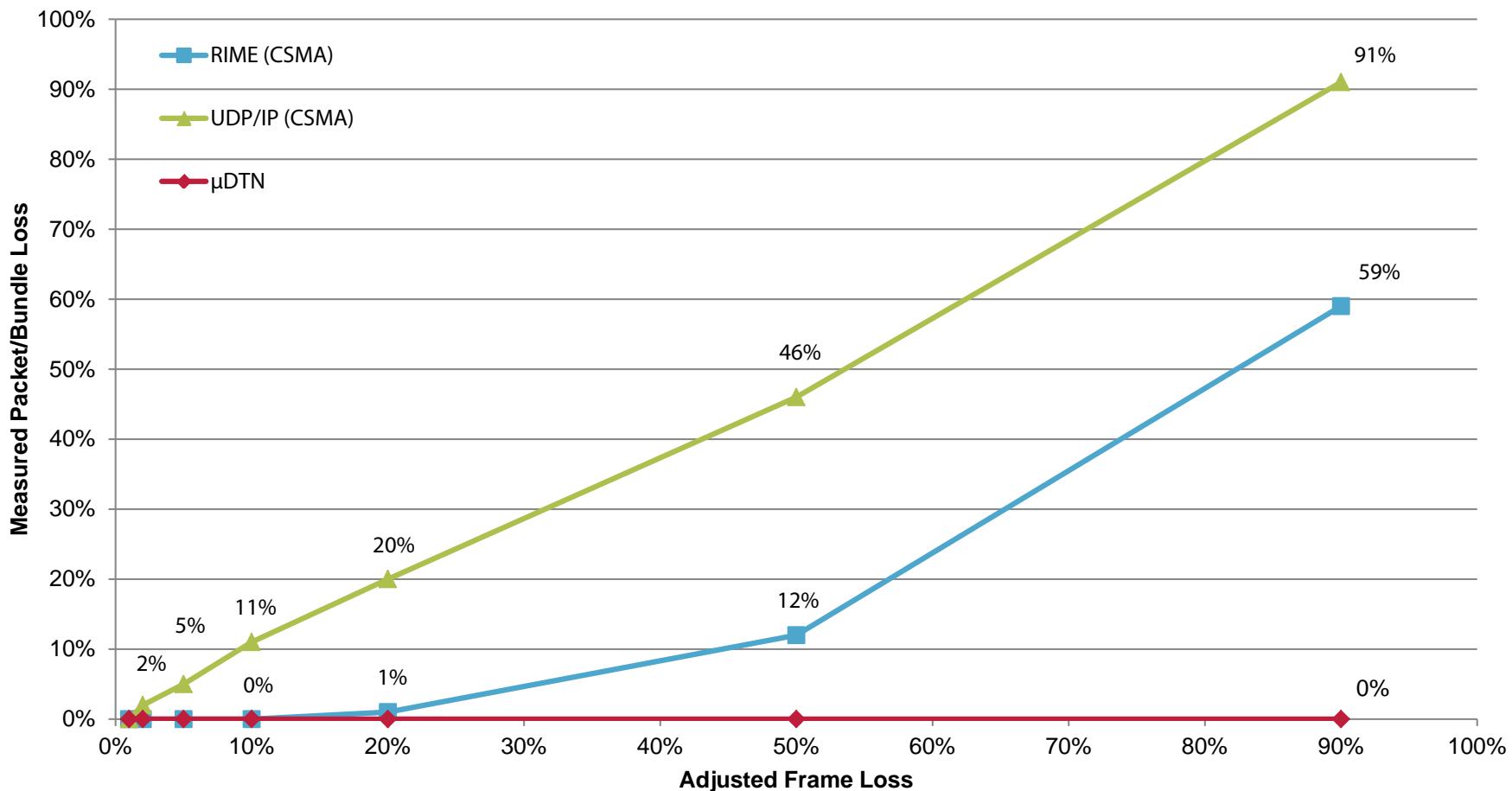
## Located above MAC-Layer

- Contrast to most other implementations
- Reduced overhead

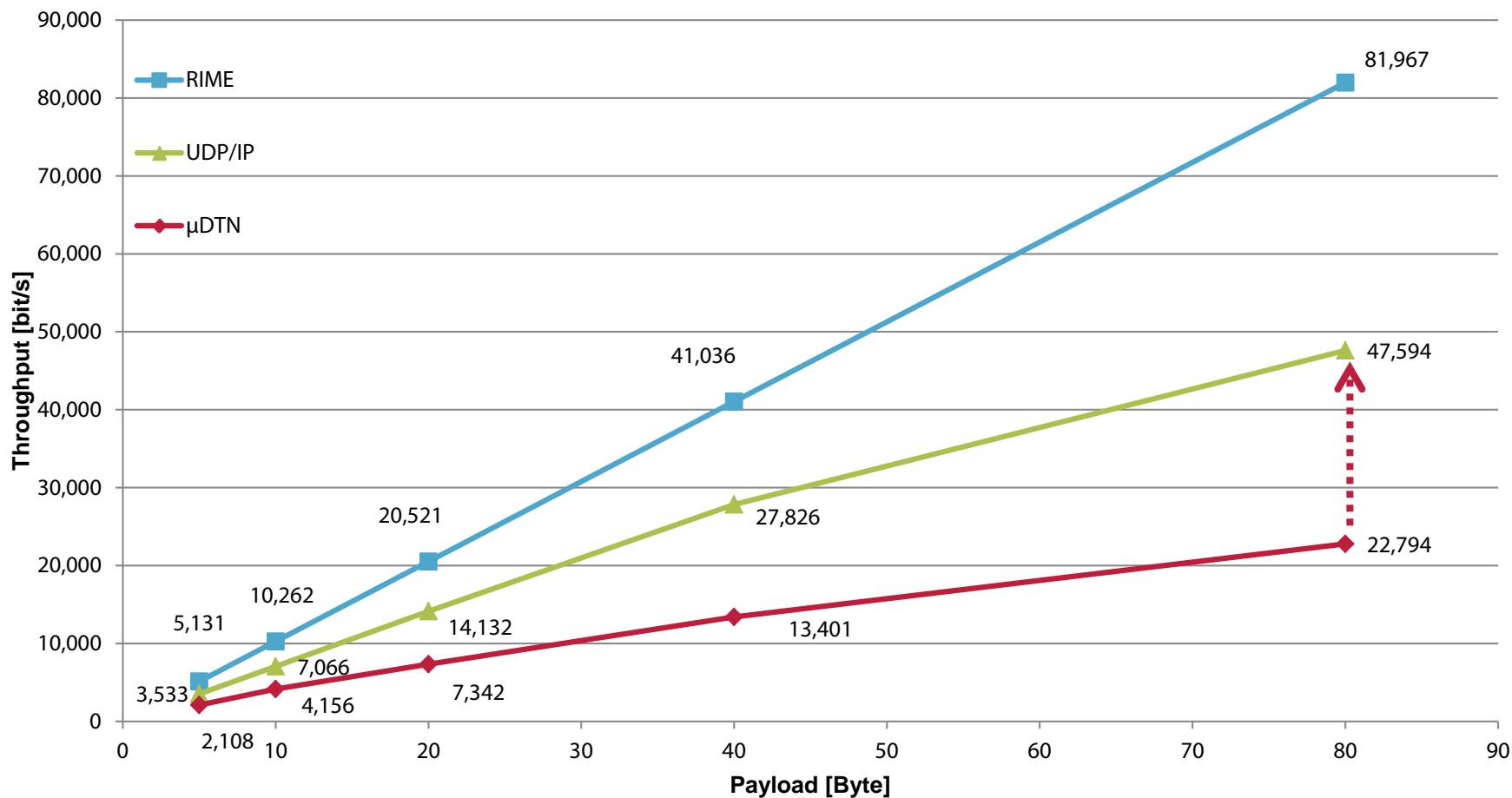
# Evaluation: Frame Loss (Cooja, NullMac)



# Evaluation: Frame Loss (Cooja, CSMA)



# Evaluation: Throughput (TMote Sky)



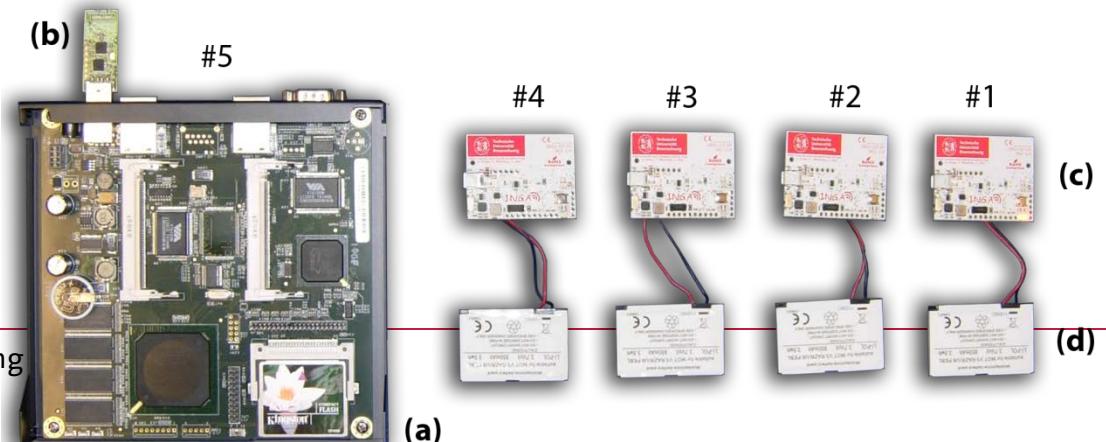
# Current State

µDTN successfully tested

- Cooja simulator
- Tmote Sky
- INGA

Heterogeneous Communication

- Tmote <-> INGA
- INGA <-> USB-Gateyway
- Interoperable with other standard BP implementations



# Conclusion

Similar requirements for DTNs in space and WSNs

- Demand of robust and reliable communication
- Use standards, wherever applicable

μDTN is RFC 5050 conform Bundle Protocol implementation

Use it!

- <http://www.ibr.cs.tu-bs.de/projects/mudtn>

Thanks for your attention!

- Felix Büsching, [buesching@ibr.cs.tu-bs.de](mailto:buesching@ibr.cs.tu-bs.de)

